

Qu'Appelle Press.

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VETERINARY SURGEON,
QU'APPELLE,
Office at Leland House.

J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,
DENTAL SURGEON.
QU'APPELLE.

(OFFICE one door south of J. P. Beauchamp's store.

D. W. G. KEOWN,
SURGEON DENTIST,
REGINA.
Will visit, professionally, Qu'Appelle, on
the third Monday and Tuesday in each
month.
All work guaranteed satisfactory. Charges
moderate.

New Spring Goods!
Boots and Shoes,
For Everybody!

PURPOSE using nothing but the very
best material and in selling these goods
at reasonable prices. We are confident you
will be satisfied.

Specials Extra in Stock.
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

TRADE CASH.
S. H. COLLINGS,
QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

STEMSHORN & Co.,
WATCHMAKERS
AND JEWELLERS,
REGINA. N. W. T.

Approved assortment of
Watches, Clocks and Jewellery
on hand.

Goods sent from the country will find
ready sale.
IMPORTERS OF GERMAN
PARTS NOT STAIN CASARIES.
Sept. 11, 1887.

R. JOHNSTON,
(Successor to L. W. Matheson.)
**THE LEADING
LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stable**
For First Class Rigs.
Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
QU'APPELLE, ASSIN.

BRICKS!
FOR SALE IN
SMALL OR LARGE
QUANTITIES.
J. DOOLITTLE,
QU'APPELLE, - ASSINIBOIA.

**New Millinery and
Fancy Store.**

MISS A. McRAE
has opened a well assorted stock of
first class
MILLINERY,
FANCY GOODS, ETC.,
in the premises lately occupied by Dr.
Cartwright.
QU'APPELLE ST., - QU'APPELLE.

WM. CLUSTON,
Builder & Contractor
QU'APPELLE.

**Estimates Furnished
ON SHORT NOTICE.**
OFFICE AT QUEEN'S HOTEL,
QU'APPELLE, April 21st, 1887.

FRANK MARWOOD
SUCCESSOR TO T. WELSH,

General Blacksmith
—AND—
Practical Horse-shoer.

A trial solicited from parties having horses
needing shoes. Fine shoes made to
order and satisfaction guaranteed.
WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.
Qu'Appelle, April 21st, 1887.

J. McEWEEN,
General Blacksmith
Carriage and Wagon Builder.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work strictly attended
to. Fine shoes made to order and
guaranteed to work. A large quantity of
Carriage springs, axles and horse-drawn
for wagons.
Qu'Appelle, June 2, 1887.

Great profusion of fancy, goods
albums, indestructible, kid and china
dolls tin and wooden toys, etc., etc.,
at Ten Paces store.

GREENFELL.
—There will be a cheese factory
or creamery started here in the
spring.
—Mr. R. Routh, of Routh & Love,
merchants, has gone for a trip east.
He is not expected back alone—
"so the folks say."
—Arrangements have just been
completed for the erection of a first
class flouring mill here. Work will
begin in three weeks and the mill
will be in operation by Dec. 1st.
—Mr. Skrine, of Skrine & Tryon
(Coydon Farm) returned last week
from England bringing with him a
fair partner in life. His old friends
were glad to see him and his fair
lady and many were the congrat-
ulations received by them. May
they enjoy a long and happy life.

—The most of the harvest will
be cut by the end of this week in
this vicinity. The crops are much
better than at first anticipated.
Several farmers have wheat that
will average from 20 to 30 bushels
to the acre, oats from 20 to 30
bushels to the acre. The peas and
the root crops are very fine.

INDIAN HEAD.
Winnipeg Sun. Major Bell,
manager of the Bell farm, who has
been in the city for the past few
days, left for the west this morning.
In a brief conversation with a re-
porter he stated that the whole west
had a magnificent crop the best he
had seen for many years. The failure
in past years had caused great
despondency among the farmers
many being quite disheartened,
thinking the country was a failure.
This year, however, their hopes are
revived, and they were now in good
spirits and confident as to the future.

Speaking of the operations on the
Bell farm, the Major said 5,000 acres
were under crop this year, of which
only about 400 acres were oats, the
balance being wheat. It had all
been cut but about 1,500 acres, and
he expected that by Tuesday next
the entire crop would be harvested
and sold. He was confident the
yield of wheat on the farm would
average from 22 to 25 bushels to the
acre, and that oats would run 40
bushels to the acre. He knew of
no point in the territories where the
crop had failed.

Among the ancient Egyptians the
word papyrus was *papyrus*, and is pre-
served in the name for the most vener-
able book in the world, the Bible.

The beautiful substance called "rice
paper" which is used in the East for
writing, and on which are sometimes
painted exquisite flowers in most deli-
cate designs, is cut in the same manner
from the pith of a rush growing in
great abundance in the waters of the
Ganges.

The fishermen there the bundles of
these rushes together, and use them as
boats for their fishing nets.

The most ancient Indians as well as
East Indians appear to have used linen
cloth to write upon, so prepared as to
retain the marks of the pen, and these
are ancient books in existence, even
now written upon the folds of palm
leaves.

With regard to Egyptian rice, the
thrust at the bottom of the palm furnish
a large proportion of it, but it was
probably the finer cord, twisted from
the papyrus, that was employed in the
curious lining of these mummy cases,
of which we have seen the fragments,
where the body was introduced after the
case was ornamented. Only the very rich
could afford this expensive method of
embalming.

Important in every way as the papy-
rus was to this nation, in a lot of com-
mercial jealousy, one of the Egyptian
monarchs prohibited the exportation of
this kind of paper, and recommended
the invention of parchment at Pergam, by
Attalus, its king.

And yet at no great distance from the
Kingdom of Attalus the papyrus grew in
great profusion, according to ancient
writers, from the very sources of the
Jordan to the Lake of Tiberias as well
as at the Tigris and Euphrates.

Not a single plant existing that has not
at some time played an important
part in the great economy of nature,
even to the very leaves. As an ex-
ample of this, we see what the papyrus
may have been to the ancient people
before the manufacture of modern paper,
which is such a desirable substitute for
all—*Golden Days*.

—A very pretty custom, which has
since been followed, was introduced at
a fashionable wedding recently at the
Savoy Chapel Royal, London. The
choir formed a procession down the
aisle in the bride and then walked
back before her to their places in the
church chanting a bridal hymn. A
musical support is given by a fal-
lowing girl who has usually to walk up the
aisle the chorister of all observers, and
overbearing, perhaps, remarks on the
redness of her nose, or some defect in
her dress, not very reassuring. After the
ceremony the choir again formed a pro-
cession and walked before the bride and
groom down the aisle to the entrance
gate.

The Paper Reed.
The Hebrew name for paper reed, or
papyrus, is *gromus*, which our transla-
tors generally render bulrush. If this
is so, then the infant Moses was laid in
an ark of papyrus, not bulrushes, and
the people of Ethiopia must have made
their ships of the same.

The native country of the papyrus is
Egypt. It is found all along the borders
of the Nile. The appearance of this
reed, growing in heavy clusters in com-
pany with others, is very graceful, the
top resembling an elegant plume, but
the want of lower leaves takes some-
what from its beauty when growing
alone.

These wavy, feather-like tops of the
full-grown tree, which often reach a
height of fourteen feet in favorable
situations, were used to crown the
statues of the goddesses in many of the
temples of the East. The upright stem
was of service in the construction of
light vessels, while the solid part, near
the root, was converted into sails for
sandalis of the priests, as well as cups
and other ornaments, which were the
more valuable on account of the scarcity
of wood in Egypt.

Even the reeds themselves appear to
have been used for food by the ancient
Egyptians, but those who professed to
chew it as a luxury doubtless mistook
the sugar-cane for the papyrus, as the
stem is neither juicy nor agreeable to
the taste.

But the chief and most important use
of this wonderful reed, was that it fur-
nished material for writing upon. Of
all the ingenious contrivances in earlier
days, there was nothing like the sheets
of papyrus, the original manufacture of
which is described as follows:

The reed was cut into strips, each
sufficient for a page, and then carefully
peeled, at its entire length, as far in-
ward toward the core as possible, so as
to make a tolerably wide strip.

Several of these strips were laid to-
gether, to make the breadth of a page.
These pages were then covered over
with a simple gum, animal glue or flour
paste.

The first layer of papyrus being dry,
a second layer was placed transversely
upon it, so that the fibres might cross each
other like those of domestic woven cloth.
The sheets were then beaten, and a
strong pressure applied to render them
smooth and ready for use.

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Beast Men.

The young lad at school, when he be-
gins the study of the classics, and reads
of Romulus and Remus being suckled
and raised by a wolf, an animal that he
has heard and read of as being one of
the most ferocious of all the carnivora.
Thinks to himself what a terrible lot of
liars these old classical authors were.
But of late years scientific investigation
has unraveled much that renders it not
improbable that the old Roman histo-
rians spoke the truth. For children have
been discovered reared in caves possess-
ing animal habits and tastes—wolf char-
acteristics—that has led naturalists to
assert that wolves do raise children.
The beast-men and wolf-children of
India and Europe resemble savage races
on the one hand and many wild animals
on the other in the non-possession of
other shelter than that which is afforded
by the caves and forests. They have
no proper dwelling, and no capacity
for constructing any. In India they
live in caves just as do the wolves, with
which they associate, and by which it is
believed in some instances they are
brought up. Gerhard says that at the
Lucknow Mad-house an elderly fel-
low who had been out of a wolf's
den by a European doctor. These
wolf-children, as they are called, fear
and eat raw flesh, gather and gnaw
bones like dogs, catch and swallow flies,
like the heads of live toads, but never
with their tongues. One of them is
thus described: He drank like a dog,
and liked a bone and raw meat better
than anything else. His education
has progressed so far that he likes raw
meat less, though he will still pick up
bones and sharpen his teeth on them.
Then there are others who, before they
eat or taste food smell it, and when
they don't like the smell they throw it
away. A boy found in company with a
female wolf and her cubs rejected
cooked meat with disgust, but delight-
ed in raw flesh and bones, putting them
on the ground like a dog, under his
paws, says Colonel Sleeman. Prof.
Max Muller, who saw the same boy,
says the wolf-child would devour any-
thing, but preferred raw meat. He
even ate half a lamb without any ef-
fect. Even a quilt stuffed with cotton,
given him in cold weather, was torn by
him and partly swallowed.

These children have a number of animal
characteristics that have puzzled the
scientists, such as the squirrel-like
habit of climbing trees, as Peter of
Hanover and Victor of Avignon did,
prowling at night and hiding in solitary
places and sleeping by day; lapping or
sucking water like an ox, horse or dog,
which the Avignon wolf boy did, eating
raw flesh; snapping at flies and canthar-
idism, smelling food before eating it
and eating acorns and raw fruits, such
as seeds, roots, bark, leaves, grass,
both of which characterized Victor, re-
sembling to the two boys above mentioned.

Ferocious biting: the boy found with
the wolf and her cubs in India flew at
and tried to bite children. These wolf-
children never smile, are insensible to
kindness, and show no signs of joy and
have no sense of shame. They have
an absolute repugnance to clothing of
any sort, and do not have a spoken
language, only yell, howl and wail.

Unconquerable Peter uttered no sound,
while Victor's voice was imperfect and
guttural. They can not be civilized
any more than an idiot. Dr. Arbuthnot
at the request of George I. attempted
to educate Peter, the wild boy, but he
could not be taught to do the simplest
act without superintendence. Once a
couple of wolf children of Oude, India,
is described by Prof. Seely which
died in the midst of Anglo-Indian civiliza-
tion, but the child never grew up, and
in captivity all the time. His habits in
the woods had been those of a wolf, and
despite all the reformatory efforts he
died as he lived, a beast-child.

There are some scientific men who
claim that these children are abandoned
infants who have been left to perish, but
this would not account for the traits
that are so peculiarly wolfish. It is im-
possible that the common people of
India are correct, and that their foster
mothers are wolves.

There are many savage tribes who
live as animals do, by grubbing up
roots, some tribes eat the monkeys.
The Digger Indians eat birds raw,
only pulling out their tails. They eat
dead horses and mules in it, while the
Apaches live dead horses and asses.
The Diggers and Monkeys eat raw food,
and the horse Zulus eat carrion. Herod-
otus and Baker say that the Hottentots
eat snakes and raw human flesh, and
the Nubians of Egypt eat willow honey,
monkey deer and bear flesh—*Coca-*
Cola—

—The fat of chickens is said, by a
certain maker of great experience, to be the
best butter for making the most deli-
cate cakes. If the fat of boiled chickens
is to be used, cook them without salt,
and there will not be the slightest flavor
of fat—*Therapeutic Press*.

—People must have something to
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The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assinibois, Canada.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in
variably in advance; single copies 5 cents.
The rates for our advertising space by
contract are as follows:

One One Three
week, month, month, year.
One column \$10.00 \$15.00 \$25.00
Half column 5.00 10.00 20.00
Quarter column 2.50 7.00 15.00
Three inches 2.00 5.00 10.00
Two inches 1.50 4.00 8.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable
quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction
sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings,
legal notices, or anything of a transitory
nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents
per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each
additional insertion. Yearly advertisements
allowed to be changed monthly, if often
\$1.00 will be charged for each additional
change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-
five words, 2 cents for each additional word.
The publisher reserves the right to refuse
to insert advertisements of a questionable
or objectionable character.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.
E. J. WEIDMAN, Proprietor.

CHRIST CHURCH SETTLEMENT.

On Sunday last the 28th instant, an interesting gathering took place near Qu'Appelle to inaugurate this settlement of the Church Colonisation Society, and to tender a hearty welcome to our neighbors who have recently settled upon it. Few prettier sights can be imagined than the general appearance of Christ Church as we drove between Qu'Appelle and Indian Head. Having crossed the Canadian Pacific Railroad, we entered upon the land of this settlement. The most comfortable cottages were each gaily decorated with the Union Jack, and at a point near to which the gathering took place the Dominion flag floated gaily in the breeze. We joined the cheerful groups and were received by Prof. and Mrs. Tanner and the several families of the settlers. Viewed from this point the scene was very pleasing. The section of land is one of the most ornamental in the neighborhood, and may fairly be taken as a choice specimen of the fertile lands abounding in the Qu'Appelle Valley. The whole series of cottage homes are visible from this point, dotted about amongst the pretty woodland bluffs, which add so much beauty to this parklike land. Towards the centre of the section, a portion has been set aside for church and public purposes, and flags indicated the probable positions of the proposed school and cottage hospital, and it is hoped that at some not far distant day a church and parsonage house may also be erected, 80 acres of glebe land having been reserved.

At the time appointed (15 o'clock) the Bishop of Qu'Appelle arrived, having been preceded by the choir from the cathedral church of St. Peter's, Qu'Appelle, and a shortened evening song service was conducted with much devotional spirit. There was also a very large gathering of neighbors and friends present who testified to their interest in the future welfare of the settlement.

It may be convenient if at this time we remind our readers of the past history of this movement and it becomes the more important because other associations than the Church Colonization Society are taking a very deep interest in the work. It is well known that for some years past Prof. Tanner has given much attention to the condition of the immigrants located in the North West Territories and Manitoba, and has repeatedly drawn attention to the difficulties arising from their living themselves upon isolated lands, which prevent them having the comfort and help of neighborly association. To avoid these and many other troubles he prepared two plans of settlement which were calculated to avoid many of the difficulties of the past. The Church Colonization Society having decided to establish some stations upon the plans so proposed, Prof. Tanner volunteered to direct one of these settlements, free of cost to the Society. In March last the land now known as "Christ Church" was selected by him, and purchased by the Society. Contracts were entered

into for building cottages, land was cultivated for the expected immigrant families, and 40 acres were set aside for each family. We have visited this settlement on various occasions since the work commenced and have watched with interest their general progress up to the recent gathering for solemnly inaugurating the opening of the settlement on the arrival of the selected families. Already these good people have been most cordially welcomed by their neighbors and all are agreed that they are really a first rate group, able to do well for themselves, and able to be useful to the settlers around them. It is a very important feature in this movement that the these families were able on the day after their arrival to enter into their own cottages, and on the following day the men were able to secure good employment close by their homes, at wages ranging from \$1.50 and \$2 upwards, having great advantage of a comfortable home and a year's food supply of wheat and potatoes and near to their work. This is purchased at an expense of \$5 monthly, or about the value of three days work for their cost per month. Besides this each family has 40 acres of land for tillage purposes and for future working. During our last visit we were much struck with the opportunity which 40 acres of land gives to a family, and we were forcibly reminded by these farms being marked out upon the land, how moderate is the percentage of homesteaders in the North West, having 40 acres under crop. It will however naturally lead to the enquiry—Are 40 acres enough for such settlers? We made the enquiry ourselves, and the reply left no doubt as to the intentions of the originators of this settlement. In the great majority of cases these settlers will find that 3 or 4 years increase of their stock and crop, will fully occupy these 40 acres and they will need more land. They would then be in the best possible condition for taking up a free homestead, or for purchasing a larger farm on postponed terms of payment. They would also have gained very valuable experience, and their future success would be insured. Others would find the 40 acres enough for them to live upon in comfort, whilst their children may launch off into life with the experience and hardihood gained on these small farms, and become farmers on a larger scale in later years.

We must not forget to state that the whole arrangement has been based upon a sound commercial footing, by which the capitalists may obtain a six per cent return upon their investments, which in the present case has been made upon freehold land, which will be increasing in value year by year. Very heartily do we wish Christ Church Settlement every success, and we trust that the good example may encourage others to follow a similar course.

Regina Journal: Mr. J. W. Powers, historian and journalist, has severed his connection with the Leader combination. That must account for the fact that the last issue of the Leader is very much improved in tone, there being an absence of that vulgar abuse of its contemporaries which characterized it of late.

Bradstreet's: In describing new varieties of wheat obtained in the United Kingdom from crossing, the London correspondent of Bradstreet's writes under date August 8, that "a splendid new spring wheat has been obtained by crossing the English April wheat—about the only wheat which can safely be sown after February in this country—with the American golden grain, a hardy and prolific, but coarse wheat. The result of this cross is a very early, handsome wheat with much bigger heads than April wheat, and of finer quality than golden grain. There is every reason to believe that this new spring wheat will prove a valuable acquisition to farmers in all countries where spring wheats are grown. The operation of crossing wheat is a delicate one, great care being necessary to do it

Hired Help.

Mrs. Joblewitz had hired a man and a very green errand boy and she sent him to the store, and some money to get some groceries. When he came back he did not report and she called down stairs to him:

"John, did you get the cabbage?"
"That's wot you told me to git," he answered, with a lazy drawl.
"Did you get the potatoes?"
"That's wot you told me to git."
"Did you get the sugar?"
"That's wot you told me to git."
"Did you get the soap?"
"That's wot you told me to git."
"Did you get the sugar?"
"That's wot you told me to git."
"I know that," she shrieked after the same monotonous reply floated up to her for the fifth time. "But did you get them?"
"No, mam, I lost the money, and some dang thief uv a boy stole the basket."—Merchant Trader.

A WYING JURY.

"I'm proud to say that I'm from Wyoming," said the lady passenger, taking off her spectacles and looking her questioner square in the face.
"Did you ever sit on a jury?"
"Two weeks I was hearing I was on a jury composed entirely of women, and I can tell you we lost no time in making up our minds. We reached a verdict on the first trial."
"Only kept the court waiting a few minutes?"
"Well, not exactly that. You see it was the beginning of the season, and as there was some talk about Summer angles we didn't get through till sunset."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Where a Bicycle is Unknown.

There are on the Continent some spots in which the bicycle is still a novelty. One of these seems to be northern Denmark. A correspondent relates that he recently made a bicycle tour in Jutland; and that, upon a second time passing through a small village near Viborg he was told a story which, for a day or two, had much exercised the local gossips. On the occasion of his first visit to the neighborhood the bicyclist was lighted and, having lighted his lamp, rode at topmost speed for many miles along a lonely highway in the dark. He was seen by a passing countryman, who, stricken with terror, fell upon his knees, and was found in the attitude of a belated letter-carrier. "What is the matter?" the postman asked. "What, indeed?" stammered the peasant; "for the devil has just gone by on a windmill; and God have mercy upon me!"—N. Y. Post.

The passenger rates of fare across the Isthmus Railway from Assiniboia to Panama are twenty-five dollar, first-class, ten dollars second and five dollars third, and there are always crowds of people in each class.—London Post.

Climate Kidney Cure is especially prepared for this country where the hard water produces so much kidney trouble. It never fails to cure.



MAIL CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 4th November, 1887, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mail, on proposed contracts for four years, over each of the following routes from the 1st January next:

Adelphi and Killarney, twice per week, computed distance 20 miles.
Alton and Newmarket, once per week, computed distance 12½ miles.
Arrow River and Redoubt, once per week, computed distance 22 miles.
Bellevue and Virden, once per week, computed distance 35 miles.
Birch and Neudorf, once per week, computed distance 20 miles.
Boswell and Desford, twice per week, computed distance 24 miles (round route).
Boswell and Redoubt, twice per week, computed distance 18½ miles.
Boswell and Langdale, twice per week, computed distance 21 miles.
Boswell and Lough, once per week, computed distance 14 miles.
Brandon and Railway Station, twelve times per week, computed distance 1 mile.
Carnell and Sourdon, once per week, computed distance 40 miles.
Deloraine and Sourdon, twice per week, computed distance 28 miles.
Gladstone and Railway Station, twelve times per week, computed distance 4 miles.
Gladstone and Sourdon, once per week, computed distance 37 miles.
Killarney and Lough, twice per week, computed distance 13 miles.
Lemnox and Montserrat, once per week, computed distance 14 miles.
Lough and Railway Station, twelve times per week, computed distance 1 mile.
Nelson and Sourdon, once per week, computed distance 38 miles.
Pembroke and Waples, once per week, computed distance 29½ miles.
Rensselaire and Sourdon, twice per week, computed distance 4 miles.
Westbourne and Railway Station, twelve times per week, computed distance 1 mile.
Post notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contracts may be seen and blank forms of tenders obtained at the Post Office at the terminus of the respective routes and at this office.

W. W. McLEOD.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Ottawa, 1st Nov. 1887.

PRIZE LIST

Of the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society's Exhibition to be held at Qu'Appelle, on Thursday, October 6.

CLASS 1.—HORSES.

	1st.	2nd.
Best Heavy Draught Stallion	\$10 00	\$5 00
Best General Purpose Stallion	10 00	5 00
Best Heavy Draught Team	10 00	5 00
Best General Purpose	10 00	5 00
Best Brood mare with foal	10 00	5 00
Best Colt or Filly two years old	5 00	3 00
Best Colt or Filly one year old	5 00	3 00
Best Foal of 1887	5 00	3 00
Best Single Horse (Roadster in harness)	5 00	3 00
Best Saddle Horse	5 00	3 00
Best Pony under 14½ hands	5 00	3 00
Best Shod Horse (Blacksmith's prize)	2 00	1 00

CLASS 2.—CATTLE.

Best Durham Bull (registered pedigree)	8 00	4 00
Best Durham Cow (registered pedigree)	8 00	4 00
Best Durham Bull calf (registered pedigree) '87	6 00	3 00
Best Durham Heifer (registered pedigree)	6 00	3 00
Best Grade Bull	6 00	4 00
Best Grade Cow	6 00	4 00
Best Grade Heifer	6 00	4 00
Best Grade Calf, Bull or Heifer (1887)	3 00	2 00
Best Yoke Work Oxen	6 00	4 00
Best Fat Beast, Steer, Heifer or Cow	6 00	4 00

CLASS 3.—SHEEP.

Best Ram, long wool	6 00	4 00
Best Ram, short wool	6 00	4 00
Best Ewe, long wool	6 00	4 00
Best Ewe, short wool	6 00	4 00
Best Ram Lamb, any breed	5 00	3 00
Best Ewe Lamb, any breed	5 00	3 00
Best Pen of Sheep, 1 Ram and 4 Ewes, any breed	6 00	4 00

CLASS 4.—SWINE.

Best Boar over one year, any breed	6 00	4 00
Best Boar under one year, any breed	6 00	4 00
Best Sow over one year, any breed	6 00	4 00
Best Sow under one year, any breed	6 00	4 00
Best Sow and litter, any breed	6 00	4 00

CLASS 5.—POULTRY.

Best Pair of Turkeys	2 00	1 00
Best Pair of Geese	2 00	1 00
Best Pair of Ducks	2 00	1 00
Best Coop Shring Chickens, 6 Pullets 1 Rooster	2 00	1 00
Best Trio of Brahmas, 1 Rooster 2 hens	2 00	1 00
Best Trio of Plymouth Rocks, 1 Rooster 2 hens	2 00	1 00
Best Trio of Leghorns, 1 Rooster 2 hens	2 00	1 00

CLASS 6.—GRAIN.

Best 2 bush Red Fyfe wheat	10 00	5 00
Best 2 bush wheat, any other kind	6 00	4 00
Best 2 bush Black Barley	3 00	2 00
Best 2 bush White Barley	3 00	2 00
Best 2 bush Black Oats	3 00	2 00
Best 2 bush White Oats	3 00	2 00
Best 2 bush Peas	3 00	2 00
Best 2 bush Flax	3 00	2 00
Best ½ bush Hops	3 00	2 00

CLASS 7.—ROOTS.

Best 1 bush Early Rose Potatoes	2 00	1 00
Best 1 bush Beauty of Hebron	2 00	1 00
Best 1 bush Peerless	2 00	1 00
Best 1 bush any other variety	2 00	1 00
Best 1 bush Swede Turnips	2 30	1 00
Best 1 bush White Turnips	2 00	1 00
Best 1 bush Mangold Wurtzels	2 00	1 00
Best 1 bush Field Carrots	2 00	1 00

CLASS 8.—VEGETABLES.

Best Collection of Vegetables, six kinds exhibited in one lot	3 00	2 00
Best ½ Peck Seed Onions	1 00	50
Best 6 Parsnips	1 00	50
Best 6 Beets	1 00	50
Best 6 Table Carrots	1 00	50
Best 5 Heads of Cabbage	1 00	50
Best 5 Heads of Cauliflower	1 00	50
Best 2 Citions	1 00	50
Best 2 Cucumbers	1 00	50
Best 2 Squash	1 00	50
Best 2 Mash Melons	1 00	50
Best 2 Water Melons	1 00	50
Best 2 Pumpkins	1 00	50

CLASS 9.—DAIRY.

Best Tub, or Crock Butter, not less than 15 lbs.	3 00	2 00
Best 5 lbs Butter in 1 lb rolls	3 00	2 00
Best Cream Cheese	3 00	2 00
Best Whole Milk Cheese	3 00	2 00

CLASS 10.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Best 2 loaves home-made Bread, 2 lbs each	2 00	1 00
Best 2 loaves bakers Bread	2 00	1 00
Best Assortment home made Jams and Jellies	3 00	2 00
product of Native Fruits, 3 or more varieties	3 00	2 00

CLASS 11.—LADIES' WORK.

Best Pair hand-knitted Socks	2 00	1 00
Best Pair hand-knitted Mitts	2 00	1 00
Best Hand-knitted Comforter	2 00	1 00
Best Patchwork Quilt	5 00	2 00
Best Rag Mat	2 00	1 00
Best Specimen Berlin Wool Work	2 00	1 00
Best Pair Home-made fur mitts	2 00	1 00
Best Home-made fur cap	2 00	1 00
Best Home-made flannel shirt	2 00	1 00

Provision will be made for exhibits of industry and manufacture not included in the above classes.

NEW BAKERY.

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE STREET.
Opposite the Progress Office.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes

A SPECIALTY.

THOMSON & NELSON

FORWARDERS.

AND DEALERS IN

Lumber, Lath, Shingles

DOORS, SASH

Building Paper, etc

Office West of C.P.R. Station.

QU'APPELLE.

BRANCH at FORT QU'APPELLE.

Qu'Appelle Roller Mills,

We beg to announce that our Roller Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, are now in operation, and that we are prepared to supply the Farmers of the Municipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour, Bran and Shorts, in exchange for Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to Chop Barley and Oats for Feed.

Will pay 65 cents per bushel for No. 1 Hard Wheat, being 8 cents per bushel

**Higher than
Brandon Prices!**

D. H. McMillan & Bro

QU'APPELLE

Stove & Tin Depot.

E. WISMER.

WHILE returning thanks for past patronage, would direct attention to a large stock of

STOVES AND TINWARE.

My Stores are from the best manufacturers, and were selected to meet the requirements of the Northwest trade.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN, & Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Harness & Saddlery

WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BRANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Qu'Appelle, Nov. 25, 1886.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive
Careful Attention.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

Just Received.

A large and splendid assortment of

ENGLISH, IRISH & SCOTCH TWEEDS,
HALIFAX TWEEDS,
DOESKINS,
BROAD CLOTHS,
PILOT CLOTHS,
ETC., ETC.,

Imported specially for the

Tailoring Department,

Where they can be made to order in the very LATEST STYLES. This Department has already become noted for its Excellent Goods, Splendid Fits and Good Work.

NEW IN STOCK.

HATS AND CAPS in all the newest leading styles, also Ready-made Clothing and Gents' Furnishings in great profusion.

S. H. CASWELL, — GENERAL MERCHANT, QU'APPELLE.

GEORGE H. V. BULYEA,

Insurance & General Agent,

AND DEALER IN

Flour, Oats, Bran, Shorts, Oatmeal, Cracked
Wheat, Graham Flour, etc., etc.

Four different grades of Flour at Mill Prices.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

THE LE LAND HOUSE.

Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated, Everything
New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES. TERMS MODERATE.

The Best Made!

THE WANZER

Sewing Machine

NOW IN STOCK AT

THE PROGRESS STORE,

QU'APPELLE.

The Canada North-West Land Co.

(LIMITED.)

Offer for Sale

SELECTED FARM LANDS

in Manitoba and the North-West Territories,

Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the offices of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 75 Lombard street, London, England; 184 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

W. B. SCARTH

MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA.

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway
Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee.

AGENT IN QU'APPELLE FOR LANDS AND TOWN LOTS.

LESLIE GORDON,

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,

Just Received.

A large select stock of SOLID GOLD, SILVER AND SILVEROID
AMERICAN WATCHES. Gold, Silver and Rolled Gold Plate

CHAINS,

LOCKETS,

BROOCHES,

SCARF PINS,

COLLAR STUDS,

NECKLETS,

CHARMS,

EAR RINGS,

SLEEVE BUTTONS,

ETC., ETC.

Rings, Rings, Rings!

A splendid assortment of

"STONE," "GEM," BAND AND WEDDING RINGS.

All Goods are first-class and will be sold at Ontario prices

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING DONE. FINE WATCH REPAIRING
A SPECIALTY. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

C. C. BAILEY & CO. — PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS.

Qu'Appelle, April 7, 1887.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,

OF THE

TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

G. S. DAVIDSON,

PROPRIETOR

A Full Assortment of Furniture!

OF ALL KINDS

Kept Constantly on Hand,

ALSO IN STOCK, A FULL LINE OF

Coffins and Caskets.

GEO. H. V. BULYEA,

Corner Qu'Appelle St. and Ninth Avenue, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.



Dominion Lands Government Intelligence Office.

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS CAN BE MADE AT THIS OFFICE, F. L. L. OSLER,
Government Agent.

FOR SALE.

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Lands, many of them lying close to Qu'Appelle, on the C. P. R., at low prices, purchasers having the advantages of Churches, Schools, Daily Mail and good Stores, etc.,

Several choice STOCK SECTIONS close to Town can be purchased on reasonable terms. Those wishing for lists of Government Lands to Homestead, or Lands to purchase will apply at the office of

Qu'Appelle, May 13, 1886.

F. L. L. OSLER.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE NORTH OF SCOTLAND LOAN CO. will advance Money on Improved Lands.

A number of Improved Farms at Edgely, Indian Head and Fort Qu'Appelle, to be disposed of.

Several choice STOCK SECTIONS close to Town can be purchased on reasonable terms. Those wishing for lists of Government Lands to Homestead, or Lands to purchase will apply at the office of

Qu'Appelle, May 13, 1886.

F. L. L. OSLER.

The Progress Store

Will be found to contain a well selected stock of

BOOKS STATIONERY

FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS

Which we will sell at the most reasonable prices.

CHEAP ADVERTISING.

TO GIVE THE BUSINESS MEN OF THE Northwest Territories

An opportunity to keep their names, business and residences before the public, we have decided to open the columns of this paper to a

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Classified by towns.

No paper either in the Northwest or Manitoba opens its columns at so low a rate.

Get your Card in THE PROGRESS Business Directory for the Northwest.

Under this heading we will insert Business Cards similar to those following for \$5.00 a year, which will include subscription to THE WEEKLY PROGRESS.

First insertion and subscription will be commenced on payment of \$2.00; after first three months, \$1.00 per quarter in advance will be required in every case, or the Card will be dropped out.

Business Directory.

QU'APPELLE.

- G. S. Davidson, Proprietor.
- LELAND HOUSE, Love & Raymond, Proprietors.
- S. H. CASWELL, General Merchant.
- J. P. BEAUCHAMPE, General Merchant.
- G. H. V. BULYEA, Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, etc.
- G. H. V. BULYEA, Dealer in Furniture, Cabinet Maker, etc.
- A. McKENZIE, Baker, Dealer in Cakes, Confectionery, etc.
- E. WISMER, Tinsmith, Dealer in Stoves and Tinware.
- E. J. WELDMAN, Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.
- J. B. MILLIKEN & Co., Harness and Saddlery.
- S. H. COLLINS, Books and Shoes.
- C. C. BAILEY & Co., Practical Watchmakers and Jewelers.
- D. H. McMillan, & BRO., Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.
- A. C. PATTERSON, Forwarder & General Agent.
- THOMSON & NELSON, Forwarders and Dealers in Building Material.
- J. H. MACCAUL, Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.
- J. B. ROBINSON, Contractor, Builder, etc.
- WM. CLUSTON, Builder and Contractor, etc.
- J. R. BUNN, Contractor in Plastering, Kalamining, Brickwork, Stonework, etc.
- R. JOHNSTON, Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.
- JAS. ROSS, Veterinary Surgeon.
- FRANK MARWOOD, General Blacksmith.
- J. DOOLITTLE, Dealer in Wood.
- J. McWEN, General Blacksmith.
- Miss A. McRAE, Millinery and Fancy Store.
- A. SUTHERLAND, Photo-Artist, Teacher of Music, and Short-hand.
- CANADA N. W. LAND CO., Leslie Gordon, Agent.
- G. S. DAVIDSON, Licensed Auctioneer.
- W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S., Don, Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer.
- W. SYME REPPATH, Advocate, Notary Public, Dealer of Marriage Licenses and Insurance Agent.
- R. DUNDAS STRONG, Advocate, Notary Public, Agent for Fire, Life and Accident Insurance, etc.
- F. L. OSLER, Dominion Lands Government Intelligence Office, Agent for Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Co.
- LESLIE GORDON, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Agent for Canada Northwest Land Co. and Qu'Appelle Town Site, Insurance, etc.
- J. P. GUERIN, L. D. S., Dental Surgeon.

THE PROGRESS.

Book and Job Printing Establishment.

THE PROGRESS.

Published weekly, six pages, at \$1.00 a year.

REGINA.

- PAWSON, BULE & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Regent, N. W. T.
- STAMSHORN & Co., Watchmakers and Jewelers.
- DR. W. G. KLEOWN, Surgeon Dentist.
- EDGELEY, WILLIAM FELL, Pump-maker and repairer. All work warranted. Satisfaction. Shop at Edgeley farm, six miles north-west of Qu'Appelle.

The Language of Postage Stamps.

"There is one of the sort of letters that make me tired, absolutely so tired that I can't even swear," remarked a clerk at the post-office last night, in a tone of deep disgust, as he tossed aside a pink envelope from a pile of letters on which he was scowling the stamps. The offending missive fell on a corner of the table among a dozen others which had all in a measure contributed to the clerk's "fatigue," and after he had concluded his task he reached over and pulled the lot toward him.

"Just see here," he said, continuing his wall; "not one of these letters is properly stamped. Look at this, the stamp on the upper left-hand corner, and this one is down at the bottom, and this right in the center, with a heart drawn around it, and hang at why, here's a new racket, the stamp stuck on the back," and as he rattled on he gave each of the epistles a vicious jab with the canceling stamp and then tossed it into the mail-bag.

"Do you run across many of that kind?"

"Do I? Well, I'm pretty good-natured, but you wouldn't hear me kicking if it was only once in awhile, but they come along by dozens, and by Jove! around Christmas and St. Valentine's Day about half the extra mail is stamped in some awkward way."

"Who do it?"

"Well, principally silly people who are in love. I fancy most of the letters stamped in those queer ways are love letters or valentines or Christmas cards. Look at this," and he fished out the pink envelope before mentioned. It was directed in a female hand to a man in Northtown, and the stamp in the center, with a conventional heart drawn around it, and smelt like a cake of hotel toilet soap. "Now, I must say I don't often get 'em that bad. If I did I'd soon go crazy, for you don't know how expensively it is to have to stop and change your regular clock like work because one of these things comes along. It breaks up your steady trot, as it were."

"Perhaps there is some language of postage stamps, and different positions mean different sentiments," suggested the reporter. "For instance: Up in the left corner, 'I love,' in the lower left corner, 'do you love?'"

"Of course there is, and I'll tell you just how it goes. Whenever a stamp is put anywhere but in the upper right-hand corner it means just this: The man, woman or child who stamped the letter is either a fool, or a crank, or an idiot, or wants to be smart, or—"

Here the conversation was cut off by the irate clerk being called away, and the writer went into the dark night.

Vanderbilt and His Locomotives.

But to my story. When the new President, William H. first took hold of affairs he ran up and down the road very frequently to get the hang of the thing. He always humked for full pulls. The engine named after himself was usually assigned to his special trains. She would make the distance from Albany to Syracuse in three hours, or a few minutes better, put one or twice as so, improved upon, so other locomotive fell to the task, and then it was shown that the William H. Vanderbilt was not so much of a rubber, anyway. Better time was made by No. 110 and by the Major Priest. So the first thing the engineers knew was an order to have all the engines repainted. I guess I knew of the determination of the President sooner than anyone, for he was a pretty mad man one day when I took his special. We made the distance in time that laid his machine in the shade. So one by one the names of Ernest Corning, General Shumaker, H. Crittenden, J. Tilling, back and the rest were obliterated, the locomotives coming out of the shops painted that peculiar terra cotta "black erick." At last even the name of William H. Vanderbilt was dashed off by the painters. It was the last to go. At the same time the brass work was also painted over a golden to the firemen who had to scour it, but a blow at the pride of the engineers. I don't believe the enthusiasm exists now among railroad men which used to link us together in the old days. The duplex has not been the only innovation. In these days, you would never catch one conductor plating the spy on another. Railroaders, to my thinking, has lost its respectability. — *City Engineer, in Albany Journal.*

Great Engineering Projects.

This is an age of mighty international engineering enterprises. Sir R. M. Stephenson is organizing a company in England for connecting Europe by railway with Persia, India, Burma and China. A concession has been obtained from the Sublime Porte and the Asia Minor and Persia sections of the enterprise are to be first prosecuted. Russia has already constructed a railroad through Central Asia that is now within a few hundred miles of the frontier of Hindostan. The beginning of the last century, will see every populous part of Asia intersected by a railway, and it is probable also that by that time steam will have been superseded by electricity. Another great project is the proposed piercing of the Isthmus of Suez by a railway tunnel. When a comparatively few years ago the route between Europe and Asia was a long and perilous journey, by three times, so that there is no longer any natural barrier between Italy and the rest of Europe. The same will be true of Asia in a few years. The project for tunneling England with France by a tunnel under the English Channel is not dead, but the prospect of the work has been postponed on account of any engineering or financial difficulty in the way, but because the English people of a possible French invasion of the island.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Pennsylvania court has decided that, as elections are not under the control of law, lots thrown are not forfeited. — *Philadelphia Press.*

Enough land in the United States is owned by foreign capitalists to furnish 25,000 families with eighty acres of land apiece. — *Chicago Times.*

The Old Fellows of Maine have a membership of 14,635, and since their organization in the State, in 1843, have paid for individual relief \$477,323.

How can I find out all about the young lady to whom I am engaged? asks a prospective husband. Has she a younger brother? If so, consult him. — *Boston Post.*

Large quantities of timber are now growing at the West, in a special manner, for railroad purposes, the effect being to increase the tenacity of the wood for hold spikes, etc., as well as its density, and its ability to resist mechanical wear. — *Chicago Journal.*

A gentleman who imagined that he recognized a lady friend, advanced cordially and addressed her. "If I am right," he said, "that isn't this Miss Greenleaf?" "No, sir," replied the lady, "my name is Redgate." "Ah, excuse me, I must be color blind!" — *N. Y. Sun.*

The prose of war differs from the poetry to the extent that martial music, bluffs of victory and the gleaming of banners and the tramp of armed men, huzzar from the grooves of the wounded, and dying, the glacial corpses, the blood-soaked fields, and the weeping and mourning of those whose loved ones have been laid in gory graves. — *N. Y. Observer.*

From some experiments made at the University of Kansas it appears that the average person can taste the bitter of quinine when one part is dissolved in 42,000 of water. Salt was detected with one part in 640 of water, sugar in 288 of water, baking-soda in forty-eight of water. In nearly all cases, females could detect a smaller quantity than males.

During a very tedious ride on a railroad out of Memphis the passengers, tired, dirty and thirsty, all cursed the company with the exception of one single passenger. His fellow-passenger commented on this and asked him why he didn't curse the road too. "It would be hardly fair," he replied, "as I am traveling on a road that I had not if I didn't do better pretty soon I'll go out and buy a ticket and join you." — *St. Louis Globe.*

De Backus, of Rochester, N. Y., stopped on a morning morning to survey his lawn, which had lately been mowed and sodded the day before. A pair of swine had broken out of their pen during the night, and rooted the fair surface until it had laid a bare field where several nine-inch shells had just exploded. The dactor was too old to cry and too plump to swear, and he therefore observed with some emotion: "Well, you never get any dirt to suit a hog!" — *Albany Journal.*

A farmer living near Howe's Cave, N. Y., had a surprise recently. He was plowing a field about half a mile from the cave, and he had been plowing for a few minutes to rest himself and his horse under the spreading branches of a tree. Moving on a little distance, he found a small hole in the ground, and he found to see that the large tree was gone. He ran back and almost fell into a great chasm, which had swallowed the tree and a piece of land. It is believed that his will lead to the discovery of an outlet from the rear of Howe's Cave. — *N. Y. Tribune.*

GRINDSTONES.

More Used Now Than Formerly—Where They Come From and Their Prices.

"There are two mistaken ideas about grindstones in the public mind," said a dealer in those articles, whose place was visited by a reporter yesterday. "One is that they are going out of use, and the other that they explode. Instead of their going out of use, just the contrary is the fact, for more are used now than ever before. Why is this? Because of improved cutting machinery that requires the aid of grindstones to keep it in perfect condition. As for their exploding, as you read about every once in a while, that's all nonsense. They do not explode. But they do break, scattering themselves about some and hurting people. But this is due to their being mounted wrongly, not to anything of an explosive nature about them."

"Where do most of the grindstones come from?" was asked.

From France and Germany chiefly. Some come from England and some from the western part of this country. They are found in Ohio, but not at all in the East. The Ohio stones are good for rough grinding, but the French and German ones are the best, because they can be used for finer work—for flat surface grinding and for cutlery. I send a great many of them to people in the far West, and to Nebraska and California. I also ship them to Central America, Canada, too, boys many in the city. The largest grindstone I ever sold was fifty-four inches in diameter and had an eight-inch flat. The size most generally sold is twenty-four inches in diameter with a three to four inch face.

"What do grindstones cost?"

"The smallest is a three-inch diameter, two inches thick. A single one of these costs thirty cents and a pair a dollar. One ten inches in diameter, two inches thick, costs thirty cents. One thirty inches in diameter, four inches thick, costs \$2.00. One thirty inches in diameter, six inches thick, costs \$3.00. A grindstone thirty-eight inches in diameter, eight inches thick, sells in the far West for outside bids."

What do other sharpening stones cost?

They are mostly sold by the pound. The Arkansas oilstone, which is six to nine inches long, costs \$3 a pound; the Lake Superior oilstones from forty to sixty cents; the French oilstone, at five cents; and the Hindostan kitchenstone at twenty cents. The white Wichita oilstones bring from thirty-five cents to \$1. Wessels grind many of the Hindostan razor hones. They cost from sixty cents to \$10 each, according to their size. — *N. Y. Mail and Express.*

The Stage Coach in New York City.

When the railroad car took the place of the slow stagecoach, it deprived travel of most of its pleasures. One sees but little of the country as he is whirled rapidly through it amid noise and confusion. There is no way in which scenery can be so well enjoyed, as from an outside seat of a stage-coach. The moderate rate of speed allows all the beauties of the scene to be appreciated, and the driver of the coach presents an ever-varying panorama. Then the stage-coach allowed of social enjoyment, and chat and stories made the time pass pleasantly. What a contrast between the tavern, where the stage-passengers stopped for dinner, and the present railway station with its "five and ten" and the running of the clock and the clatter of the wheels and the ever-varying panorama. Then the stage-coach allowed of social enjoyment, and chat and stories made the time pass pleasantly. What a contrast between the tavern, where the stage-passengers stopped for dinner, and the present railway station with its "five and ten" and the running of the clock and the clatter of the wheels and the ever-varying panorama. Then the stage-coach allowed of social enjoyment, and chat and stories made the time pass pleasantly. What a contrast between the tavern, where the stage-passengers stopped for dinner, and the present railway station with its "five and ten" and the running of the clock and the clatter of the wheels and the ever-varying panorama.

There are now many members of the club. Each has a coach made in the best possible style. The body of each and the running gear is painted in a different style from the others. The horses are carefully selected, and have the most complete harness and trapping. The coaches have seats for six upon the roof, besides a place for the "guard," who with his horn announces the arrival of the coach. The driver is usually the owner of the coach, and there is no little friendly rivalry among the members over their skill in "handling the ribbons." A parade of the coaching club is something well worth seeing, and the club makes occasional excursions to near or less distant points. On one occasion its members, or a part of them, drove to Philadelphia and back, by the stage-route. One member of the club is so enthusiastic a coachman that he runs a daily coach between one of the hotels of this city and a point in the suburbs. He takes passengers at a round price, and thus allows those who are not members of the club to enjoy the pleasures of this mode of traveling. The popular is the Tally-ho Coach that carries passengers to the city and back. The passenger of the coach leaves the city by that beautiful gateway, Central Park, and sees the city melt gradually into the country. His road takes him past beautiful villas as well as primitive farm houses. His senses are soon lulled by the refreshing sea air, and he arrives at his destination with a sense of justice to the ample driver that awaits him. His destination is Pelham Bay, one of the most charming spots upon Long Island Sound. He here enjoys the cool and breezy air, and the view of the road for one of tranquil beauty. The blue waters of the Sound stretch out in front of him, and the many sailing craft are like a fleet of white swans in the light of the declining sun, and reaches the starting point just as gas-lights and electric lamps are replacing the candles and the gasolene lamps of the mode of travel and the change of air and scene. "But," some may say, "it is very expensive." So it is, but unlike the other amusements of the wealthy, every dollar expended by the Coaching Club helps some one. The coach maker, the painter, the harness maker, and many other trades are benefited by the business, and even who breeds stage horses, has their value increased by what some regard as the extravagance of the Coaching Club. — *American Agriculturist.*

The Art of Early Rising.

The proper time to rise, says the *Lancet*, is when sleep ends. Dozing should not be allowed. True sleep is the aggregate of sleep, or is a state consisting in the sleeping or rest of all the several parts of the organism. Sometimes one and at other times another part of the body, as a whole, may be the least fatigued, and so the first to awake, or the most exhausted, and therefore the most difficult to arouse. The secret of good sleep is, the physiological conditions of rest be not disturbed, so to work and weary the several parts of the organism as to give them a proportionally equal need of rest at the same moment, and to wake early and be ready to rise, a fair and equal start of the sleepers should be secured, and the wise self-manager should not allow a drowsy feeling of the consciousness of weary senses, or a exhausted muscular system, to beguile him into the folly of going to sleep again when once he has been aroused. After a few days of self-discipline, the man who resolves not to doze, that is, not to allow some sleepy part of his body to keep him in bed after his brain has been awakened, will find himself, without knowing why, an early riser. — *Popular Science Monthly.*

Domestic postage in Mexico is higher than elsewhere and there is not a postal-car in the country. Previous to the first of last January there was a postal-car in two weekly three-cent, but since that time, in paying to foreign countries and making only at the office where purchased.

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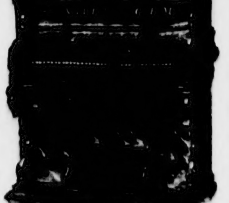
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HOME & GOSSIP.

QU'APPELLE.

—The herd law ceased yesterday to be in force for the rest of the season.

—Mrs Barbeau, of Ottawa, is visiting her son, Mr. J. P. Barbeau, merchant of this town.

—Mr. G. L. Sherlock is filling Mr. E. W. Warner's place at the C. P. R. station, during his visit east.

—Next Wednesday our town will be the centre of attraction for pic-nickers along the C. P. R. east and west.

—A number of our citizens propose to take advantage of the cheap C. P. R. excursion east commencing next week.

—A return match will be played here on Friday next, the 2nd inst., between the eleven of the Qu'Appelle and Indian Head cricket clubs.

—In future subscribers to THE PROGRESS getting their papers at the post office here are requested to call at the office of publication during Thursday. No papers at the post office till Friday morning.

—The joint committees of the Indian Head, Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle agricultural societies will meet at Indian Head on Saturday to arrange for the bonds under which they shall incorporate.

—Mr. E. W. Warner, the popular station agent of the C. P. R. here, has gone east. It is generally believed that when he returns he will have joined the noble order of benedicts, and that his new made bride will accompany him. Joy, El.

Elsewhere we give the prize list of the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society's exhibition to be held here on the 6th of October. The date was changed at the request of the Fort society, they finding it more convenient to hold their exhibition after ours than between Indian Head and ours.

—At the Leland: A. H. Cold, G. Benson, Montreal; V. A. Williamson, C. M. G. England; C. H. Cranston, W. B. Scarth, M. Putman, A. C. Sutherland, H. S. Westbrook, Winnipeg; Mr. and Mrs. Beeston, James Thorburn, S. C. Elkington, Fort Qu'Appelle, Miss Thorburn, Toronto; H. Belanger, L. Clark, Prince Albert; Wm. Curran, Ottawa; Alex. Irwin, Harrison;

—The secretary of the Qu'Appelle cricket club has received the following from the Secretary-Treasurer of the Winnipeg cricket club: "Dear Sir, I am directed by our committee to write and thank the members of the Qu'Appelle cricket club for the many kindnesses received at their hands by our eleven during their recent visit to your town. Yours truly, T. O. Townley, Sec-Treas. W. C. C."

—At the Queen's: Thos. Hosman, W. Henderson, E. Young, T. Brown, Regina; J. Davidson and daughter, Montreal; E. W. Miller, Allan Good, B. Johnston, Toronto; D. Johnson, Portage La Prairie; A. Hosman, Quebec; A. H. Mitchell, Huntington, England; E. W. Pumas, Palmerston; G. Harvey, Geo. Gregg, Winnipeg; T. Eydd, E. Cassidy, G. Ridsdale, J. Blackwood, C. Hickey, Indian Head; N. Welch, H. C. Vickers, A. S. Husbands, Fort Qu'Appelle; D. H. Starr, Halifax; G. Cottingham, France; W. H. Ellis, W. J. Hough, Ellsboro; C. D. Travers, Elkhorn; A. Lambert, Hamilton; G. Peterson, Prince Albert.

—The appointment of a missionary at Saskatoon has been filled with Mr. Fred. Hodgson, of this town, who goes there in a few days to work in the interest of the Methodist church. Mr. Hodgson last week resigned his position as head master of the public school here, and Mr. F. Andrews, son of Rev. A. Andrews, was engaged to fill his place. The school went on without any break, the new teacher starting on Monday. In the afternoon of Monday the pupils presented Mr. Hodgson with a handsome writing case and a valuable set of sleeve buttons and breast studs and pins, the younger portion giving a fine cut glass ink stand, all evincing the high esteem in which they held their teacher.

—Threshing has already begun among the farmers here. The wheat will average at least 25 bushels to the acre. The Regina Leader figures are under the mark so far as Qu'Appelle district is concerned.

—The annual missionary meeting of the Methodist church of Canada took place here on Tuesday evening last. Able speeches were delivered by the Rev. James Woodsworth, Supt. of Missions for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, and Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Brandon, also Rev. John Hodgson, of Dakota, and our pastor Rev. Mr. Andrews made a few brief but well chosen remarks. The attendance was not large but the liberality on the part of those present was made manifest and we are pleased to note that, notwithstanding the apparent hard times, a sum in excess of last year was realized.

CHEAP EXCURSION TO MONTREAL, TORONTO, ETC., AND RETRUE.—From Monday, September 5th, to and including Saturday, September 10th, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will sell round trip tickets from stations on the western and pacific divisions to Montreal, Toronto and the east at specially reduced rates. Particulars and tickets can be had from all agents. The routes available by these Excursion tickets will be all rail or rail and lakes. Tickets reading by the lake route include meals and berths on the Company's magnificent Clyde-built Steamship, "Alberta," and "Athabasca" sailing between Port Arthur and Owen Sound. The date for selling these Excursion tickets as above will give an opportunity to visit the grand Dominion and Industrial Exhibition to be held at Toronto from Sept. 5 to 17, and the other local Exhibitions which take place during September. The sleeping cars which are attached to every train are acknowledged to have no superiors for elegance and comfort, and dining car service is unexcelled. The rate for a ticket from Qu'Appelle to Toronto and return will be \$54, and to Montreal and return, \$64. Tickets will be good to return within 34 days from date of issue. Full information and tickets can be had, and berths on sleepers and steamers can be reserved at the depot.

AUCTION SALES.

Saturday, Sept. 10.—On 10, 18, 14, farm, stock, implements, etc., the property of Mr. Andrew Shore. Sale at 13 o'clock. G. S. Davidson, auctioneer.

Tuesday, Sept. 13.—On 22, 18, 14, farm, stock, implements, household furniture, etc., the property of Mrs. McLeish. Sale at 13 o'clock. G. S. Davidson, auctioneer.

EDGELEY.

—On Monday evening last, the missionary meeting in connection with the Methodist church of Canada took place here. Mr. Thos. Wright ably filled the chair and after a speech characterised by brevity and conciseness, called upon Rev. James Woodsworth, Supt. of Missions, the speaker of evening, who in his easy, natural style held the attention of the audience until the close, the result of which being a hearty contribution to the mission fund. Short addresses were also made by Rev. A. Andrews and Mr. Fred. W. Hodgson.

To the Editor of The Progress, Sir: Attention was directed in a recent issue of the PROGRESS to the sanitary condition of our town by Dr. Edwards, which was very fitting. I think it would be well if our municipal fathers would see at once to some of our town wells especially the one north west of the Presbyterian church. The water in the well is good and there is a large supply, but lately it has been considerably abused, especially by our prairie brethren who use buckets to draw water which are unfit to put in a well, it is also freely used as a watering place for stock. A few days ago I counted seventeen head around the well waiting for their drink. Are we to be compelled to tolerate such a course. Why is it not preserved for ordinary purposes? A Citizen.

C. P. R. PIC-NIC.

The employees of the C. P. R. on this division have made arrangements for holding their first annual excursion and picnic at Qu'Appelle on Wednesday, 7th Sept. next, in which the public all along the line are invited to participate. The C. P. R. Co. has kindly offered to provide them with a train each way free of charge, running as follows: Leaving Moose Jaw at 6.30, arriving at Qu'Appelle at 9.30; leaving Broadview at 7.00, arriving at Qu'Appelle at 9.30; and returning leave Qu'Appelle for the west at 2.00, and for the east at 2.30 o'clock. Parties bringing refreshments should ticket their baskets; a car will be attached to each train for storage of same. The day's amusements will begin with a base ball tournament 1st prize \$15, 2nd \$10; no entrance fee. Commencing at 13 o'clock, the following races and athletic sports will take place: 100 yards foot race, 1st prize \$5, 2nd entrance fees; 1 mile race, 1st \$5, 2nd entrance fees; 1 mile race 1st \$7, 2nd \$3, 3rd entrance fees; sack race, 100 yards, 1st box N. W. M. P. cigars; blindfold wheelbarrow race, 1st prize \$2, 2nd \$1; boy's race under 15, 300 yards, 1st \$1.50, 2nd 50cts.; girls race, under 10, 100 yards, 1st \$1.50, 2nd \$1. Potting 20 pound shot, 1st \$3, 2nd \$2. Run and high jump, without pole, 1st \$3, 2nd entrance fees; standing jump, 1st \$2, 2nd entrance fees; run, hop step and jump, 1st \$3, 2nd \$2; run and long jump, 1st \$3, 2nd \$2. The above races and sports open to all. Dancing in the grove during the day. The citizens of Qu'Appelle may expect a big crowd, estimated at 500 or 600, and should prepare to give them a cordial reception. The brass band will be in attendance. Fares for the round trip: From Moose Jaw \$1, Ponse \$7c, Regina 75c, Balgonie, 50c, McLean 40c. From Broadview \$1, Greenleaf 80c, Wolsely 70c, Indian Head 50c. Special rate, single fare for the round trips between Brandon and Broadview, Swift Current and Moose Jaw. Excursion rates reduced to those attending from east of Broadview and west of Moose Jaw. Proceeds for the benefit of Moose Jaw and Broadview C. P. R. libraries.

THE CRADLE.

At Qu'Appelle, on the 18th ult., the wife of Mr. Terman Hilliard, of a son.

At Qu'Appelle, on the 22nd ult., the wife of Mr. T. W. Howden, of a son.

THE TOMB.

Died on the 21st August, Grace Ann Chisholm, aged 29 years.

Directory.

ENGLISH CHURCH.
BY PETERS, QU'APPELLE.
Sunday Services, 11 and 12 o'clock every Sunday. Holy Communion once a fortnight. Sunday School at halfpast 10 o'clock. Week-day and Saint's days, as announced.
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Holy Communion, 8 o'clock every fortnight. Daily Masses and Evening prayer.
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QU'APPELLE.
Services every Sunday morning at 11, and every evening at 7 o'clock. Bible class and Sunday school at 10 o'clock. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 12 o'clock.
METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. A. Andrews.
Services every Sunday morning at 11, and every evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at halfpast 10 o'clock. Class meeting every Sunday morning after service. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at half past 10 o'clock.
UNITED.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 15 o'clock, 6.30 p.m.
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. J. Maguire, O. M. I.
Services every last Sunday in the month at 10.30 o'clock.
ROYAL TEMPLES.
QU'APPELLE CHURCH.
Regular meeting in the Methodist church every Monday evening at 20 o'clock (p.m.) G. H. Bailey, S. C. W. D. Graham, Sec.
MASONIC.
QU'APPELLE LODGE.
Regular meetings on the Tuesday before full moon at 20 o'clock. James McLean, W. M.; G. B. Murphy, Sec.
QU'APPELLE LITERARY POST OFFICE.
Mails close for the east and west every evening except Wednesday at 10 o'clock, open for delivery at 1 o'clock.
For Fort Qu'Appelle, etc., close daily at 7 o'clock, and open for delivery at 12 o'clock.
For Prince Albert and points on the Saskatchewan, close every Monday at 10 and open for delivery every Tuesday at 8 o'clock.
The post office closes every evening at 10 o'clock, except on mail days, and money orders are payable at 10 o'clock.

STRAYED.

STRAYED into my premises on 29th August, 1 Bay mare with colt, mare has 1 white hind foot, colt is dark with star in its face. Owner can have property by paying damages.
THOS. KING,
Qu'Appelle, Aug. 30th, 1887.

Servant Girl Wanted.

A GOOD GIRL can procure a situation with family privileges by applying at THE PROGRESS OFFICE.

NOTICE

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP EXISTING between the undersigned and doing business at Indian Head as general traders and Merchants, under the name and style of Murray & Brooks, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, the same to take effect from the first of January, 1887. All liabilities will be paid by Geo. P. Murray, who is also authorized to collect all accounts, notes, etc., due the late firm.
Witness,
W. B. DECEEN,
Indian Head, August 8th, 1887.

LOST

FROM BEAVER HILLS STOCK FARM Sec. 32, T. 25, R. 6, one Bay Pony mare branded N W and foot. One large muley red cow and one light strawery cow. Suitable REWARD will be given for information leading to the recovery of any or all of them.
Address: BOUCHIER & ISSINGER,
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Agricultural Societies in the North-West Territories.
In order to give effect to the vote of last Session of Parliament of \$10,000 in aid of Agricultural Societies in the North-West Territories, the following apportionment and regulations have been decided:—
1. A society having 50 members, each of whom shall have subscribed \$1, may receive from the above vote \$150, and \$3 for every additional subscriber of \$1 each, not exceeding three in all, or for a subscription of \$53.33 the Society having membership as above would be entitled to receive \$250, which is the largest amount that will be paid from the vote to any one Society.
2. It is a condition of any payment under the preceding section that the Treasurer of any Agricultural Society shall be required to furnish, not later than the 1st September next, to the Minister of Agriculture, a statement setting out:
(a) The names of the several officers; and
(b) The names of the several officers; and
(c) A copy of the names of the members of the Society, with the amounts subscribed and paid, set opposite the name of each.
3. This statement must be certified by a declaration made before a Justice of the Peace, that it is true, and that the subscriptions have been paid.
By order of the Minister of Agriculture,
JOHN LOWE,
Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, 26th August, 1887.

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PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to order that Sessions of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories for the Judicial District of Western Assiniboia shall be held, within the said District at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the days and at the places following, namely:—

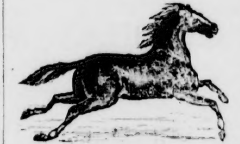
MOOSE JAW
Friday, 7th October, A. D. 1887.
REGINA
Monday, 24th October, A. D. 1887.
FORT QU'APPELLE
Friday, 4th November, A. D. 1887.

By Command,
H. B. GORDON,
Attorney-General of Canada,
Lieutenant-Governor's Office,
Regina, 14th October, 1887.

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